NUMBER 4446.

PEOPLE CLAMOR FOR THEIR MONEY AT CHELSEA BANK

Failure Due to Worthless Paper Taken by the Officials.

MANY POOR PEOPLE WILL LOSE SAVINGS

Closing of the Institution Came as a Surprise-Capital, \$300,000; Deposits, \$1,000,000.

CHELSEA, Mass., Aug. 17.-Hundreds of depositors, for the most part poor working people and Hebrews who have money at risk in the crash in the First National Bank of Chelsea, are clamoring around the institution this morning. The deposits and other liabilities of the bank aggregate nearly \$1,000,000.

Failure a Surprise.

failure was not generally known until this morning, although Bank Examiner Ewer had ordered the institution to cease business at 9 o'clock last night. Until just before 2 o'clock the examiner and the officials of the bank worked on the books. President H. B. Hinckley would not discuss the failure, no would any of the other officials.

By 5 o'clock the news of the fallure had spread over Chelsea. People flocked to the bank building by scores, and for a short time the scene was a wild one. One woman, partly clad and crying, tried to get at the bank door. She was prevented by Patrolman Harrison, who that all the money she had in the world was in the bank. Large crowds of men. orking men of all types who ordinarily would have been on the way to work lingered around the bank. Many Hebrews were in the crowd and gathered in groups by themselves wildly ing the names of the officials of the bank and telling of their savings.

Directors Closed Bank.

The determination to close the bank' doors was reported at a special meeting of the directors late yesterday afternoon. of the bank were called to the building last night.

The examiner began his work and the attaches of the bank worked on the books all night.

Examiner Ewer, who arrived yesterday. Rumors of a defalcation are denied absolutely and led Mr. Martin and Examiner Ewer to the belief that criminality paid-up capital of the bank is

Excessive Loans Made To the Bank Officials

The following statement regarding the failure of the First National Bank at Chelsea, Mass., was issued this morning at the office of the Comptroller of

"The Comptroller of the Currency has received advice by wire from National

(Continued on Second Page.)

THE WEATHER REPORT.

The indications are that the temperature will rise in the middle Eastern States during the next thirty-six hours, except at points where local thunder storms may develop.

Steamers departing today for European ports will have light variable winds and fair weather to the Grand

DOWNTOWN TEMPERATURE. (Registered Affleck's Standard Thermometer.)

WASHINGTON, FRIDAY EVENING, AUGUST 17, 1906.

VIEW OF VALPARAISO, THE STRICKEN CITY OUAKE IN CHILE;



Wm. Roach Shot Down By Railroad Watchman; Lying at Point of Death

Martin Hughes, Arrested for the Shooting, Found Asleep, But Gives Five Policemen a Desperate Resistance Before Being Overpowered.

With life hanging in the balance, William E. Roach, jr., eighteen years old, of 2141 Newport place northwest, lies in a ward at Sibley Hospital with a dangerous wound in his breast, inflicted last night by Martin J. Hughes, a special officer of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad. Hughes, it is said, almost crazed with anger because he was ridiculed Chelsea this morning. All the employes by Roach and his companions, drew his revolver and pulled the trigger, the bullet piercing Roach's left lung. Roach has been in an unconscious stupor for several hours and is not expected to live.

Director Found the Trouble.

The crash was precipitated by Thomas fartin, of Wakefield, one of the director.

The crash was precipitated by Thomas for the crash

assistance. So, three weeks ago, he asserted his rights as a director and began a rigid examination.

It is said that he discovered that the bank was carrying great loads of paper worth less than its face value, and had been apparently unwise in its investments. He, it is said, summoned Bank

of ridicule, which the youths are said to have hurled at him unsparingly. Hughes, it is said, opened fire on the boys, and all escaped injury except the Roach lad, who was laid low with a builet wound through his breast.

Two of Roach's companions, Frank McCarthy, sixteen years old, of 751 Girard avenue northwest, and Alphonso Bresnahan, seventeen years old, of 256 Parker street, when asked today about the shooting, told the police that they also said their comrade had done nothing that would warrant the action of Special Officer Hughes.

Swore at Them. Caused Chelsea Failure

Hughes. The jesting of the lads an-noyed the watchman, and the latter boys' story, he struck at them with his The boys say they dodged down street, with Hughes after them. a side street, with Hughes after them. Suddenly they heard a shot ring through the air and saw Roach fall to the ground. Their wounded comrade was almost unconscious and was bleeding freely when they picked him up and carried him to the nearest house. As soon as possible the lad was sent to Sibley Hespital.

· Found Hughes Asleep.

1... 88 Lieutenant Falvey was at his desk when the shooting was reported to him, and immediately the reserves were detailed upon the case. Shortly after mid-

\$6 to the Seashore and Return

This morning Hugtes, who showed night the officers found Hughes sleep-Martin, of Wakefield, one of the directors, who has not been satisfied with the way things have been going.

President Sylvester Hinckley has not been devoting all his time to the institution, and Mr. Martin concluded that Walter Whittesley, the cashier, needed

Court. Upon the representation of the and tenant Falvey and Policemen Allen and the man in a fit of anger he is said to have and in a fit of anger he is said to have a struggle he was overpowered, and while on the way to the stationhouse the man offered strong resistance and tried to get away. Five strong policemen were required to put Hughes in a cell.

A searching investigation of the case

Shot to Scare Them.

According to the police, Hughes, who To Lieutenant Falvey, the arrested according to the police, Hugnes, who is stationed at the intersection of First and K streets, saw three boys on a handcar belonging to the construction company. When Hughes reprimanded the young boys he was made the but of ridicule, which the youths are said to have hurled at him unsparingly.

rant the action of Special Officer Hughes.

Swore at Them.

The boys say they were riding on a handcar when Hughes came along swinging his club. Hughes asked what they were doing and began to swear at them. The boys started to run, and as they did so began to make fun of Hughes. The jesting of the lads and the strong the strong that the strong the strong that the

HAIR WOUND ON AXLE IN TERRIBLE RUNAWAY

doubtless result fatally. When the horses became frightened

she fell from the wagon seat between the wagon box and the front wheel, and

near the hub, and would around the axle.

Her aged husband refused to save himself by jumping, but heroically endeav, ored to rescue his wife by reaching for her over the side of the wagon box as the team dashed up the street. The wagon was overturned at a street corner and the runaway stopped.

Mrs. Rozelle's switch had to be cut close to her head to release her.

Itry in the past, the fleet will be at anchor during the entire time it is being reviewed, while the Mayflower will slowly steam past the long line of ships.

(Continued on Ninth Page.)

To Baltimore and Return \$1.25



SENOR DON GERMAN DIESCO, President of the Stricken Republic of Chile.

UURING THE REVIEW

President Will Make In-Says Their Country and spection From Mayflower.

The details for the mammoth naval eview to be held at Oyster Bay on Sepupon by the Bureau of Navigation of the Navy Department. The President, accompanied by the Secretary and Assistant Secretary of the Navy, will re-PITTSTON, Pa. Aug. 17.—Dragged by her hair 160 yards in a runaway, Mrs. vessels from the deck of the Mayflower, George Rozelle, an aged farmer's wife, which has already been ordered to proreceived internal injuries that will ceed home from the waters of Santo

Mayflower to Steam Past.

The review will start at 11 o'clock her hair switch caught in the spokey in the morning. Unlike affairs of this near the hub, and wound around the sort which have been held in this counin the morning. Unlike affairs of this

ROOT AT DINNER TO ARGENTINANS

United States Have Interests in Common.

BUENOS AYRES, Aug. 17.—Secretary of State Root last night addressed a representative crowd of Americans, Englishmen, and prominent leaders in the commercial and political life of Argentina, the occasion being a reception in his honor given by the American com-

Mr. Root spoke at some length upon Mr. Root spoke at some length upon the prosperity of Argentina, and contrasted it with that of the United States, pointing out that there is no reason for Argentina entertaining any feeling of jealousy toward the United States. Conditions in the two countries, he said, are very similar, the cattle raising industry and agricultural conditions here and in the northern country being much alike.

New Steamship Lines Needed.

In discussing the development of Argentine markets, he said, other steamship lines should be placed in operation between the two nations. The United States is no longer a debtor nation, and wants a safe field for its surplus capital. would be turned toward Argentina. Later, when Argentina has grown more

(Continued on Second Page.)

FLAMES RAGING IN VALPARAISO

Four Severe Shocks, Beginning Last Night, Create Havoc Along Western Coast of South America.

Former Earthquakes in Chile

More than a score of great terrestrial upheavals have been recorded in Chilean annals. In 1570 the city of La Concepcion was destroyed with a loss of 2,000 lives. In 1647 Santiago, the capital, was overwhelmed and 1,000 lives were lost. The terrible earthquakes of 1730 wiped out Valapariso, La Senena, La Concepcion, Coquimbo, and every town and village on the coast between La Concepcion and Coquimbo. In 1835 La Concepcion was again ruined and five other cities were leveled to the ground.

NEW YORK, Aug. 17 .- Private advices from Valparaiso, Chile, received in this city this morning, report terrific earthquakes there last night. Many buildings were wrecked and hardly a house escaped without damage. Fires broke out throughout the city. It is feared there have been many casualties.

Information received up to 10 o'clock regarding the earthquake is still of a vague nature. It occurred, however, at 7:40 last night, and there were four severe shocks, followed by a conflagration. How far the fire extended or bow much damage resulted has not yet been learned.

FEAR REPETITION OF FRISCO DISASTER.

Cable lines are working as far as "Val- A. Winslow, of Hammond, Ind., is in paraiso Hut," the cable building on the seashore outside of Valparaiso. All land lines to the interior of Chile are down. The operator in the but says that the disaster is probably a repetition of the San Francisco cal-

The National Cable Company received nformation last night of the interruption of the service along the west coas of South America by earthquakes in the neighborhood of Iquique, Chile. No de-

Report From Buenos Ayres.

Advices received from Buenos Ayres, via London, also stated that a terrible earthquake was felt in the Cordillera de Los Andes, lasting five seconds. Comwas reported to be completely inter-

No News at Chilean Legation.

quake had reached the Chilean legation in this city up to this afternoon. Great turbances in 1822, 1829, and 1851. anxlety was manifested by Senor Vega, the charge d'affaires.

"You know earthquakes are not at

cisco would be impossible in the Chilean metropolis, from the fact that the buildings are all low, few more than three or four stories high and are solidly constructed. They would not yield to an ordinary shock, and it is doubtful if a shock equal to that which ruined San Francisco would do great damage.

The State Department also was without confirmation of the report of the earthquake. There are no American officials in the city at the present time, and but few Americans engaged in business there. The present consul, Alfred

Notice

To Advertisers

The Greater Washington

edition of The Washington

Sunday Times will be published Sunday, August 19.

It will contain a complete rec-

ord of the Shippers and Jobbers' Association, its object,

its work, and a history of the men and firms who form it.

This edition will have, be-

sides the regular circulation of

The Sunday Times, a special

circulation of large value in

that copies will be mailed di-

rectly to thousands of mer-

chants in the States of Mary-

land, Virginia, West Virginia,

North Carolina, South Caro-

lina, northern Georgia, and

Regular Sunday Times ad-

vertisers are reminded that

this should prove an excel-

lent method of reaching the

mail-order trade of the

eastern Tennessee.

this country on leave.
Robert S. Atkins, a native of Chile, is at present in charge of the American consulate at Valparaiso. Valparaiso Chile's Chief City.

Valparaiso is a fortified seaport of

le, and the most important town on western coast of South America.
situated on a large bay in the Pa-ocean, seventy-five miles northeast antiago.

Shock Recorded in Washington.

"You know earthquakes are not at all uncommon in Valparaiso and at other points along the coast," said Senor Vega. "In fact, Valparaiso, our greatest port, is frequently visited by seismic disturbances, and has suffered from earth shocks, tidal waves and huricanes. Hurricanes sweeping down the coast and into the harbor are as common as the earth shocks."

No American Officials in Chile.

Senor Vega stated that a calamity of such proportions as overtook San Francisco would be impossible in the Chilean metropolis, from the fact that the buildings are all low, few more than three or four stories high and are solidly constructed. They would not yield to an ordinary shock, and it is doubtful if a shock equal to that which rulned San Francisco would do great damage.

The State Department also was without confirmation of the report of the earthquake, There are no American officials in the city at the present time, The North American continent was

Weather Bureau Statement. The Weather Bureau issued the folwing official statement at noon

lowing official statement at noon:

"A very heavy, distinct earthquake was recorded on the seismograph at the Weather Bureau in Washington yesterday afternoon, beginning at five minutes and twenty-two seconds past 7 p. m., seventy-fifth meridian time. Complete and perfect records were obtained both of the north and south and east and west movement of the earth.

"The earth tremors at Washington were of comparatively slow and deliberate motion, each complete movement covering from eighteen to forty seconds of time. The earthquake lasted continuously for several hours and finally ceased at about midnight. The most violent shock occurred at seven hours, forty-two minutes, and twenty-six seconds p. m.

onds p. m.
"From press reports this is evidently a record of the great Chilean earthquake of August 16, and is the heaviest recorded in Washington since the San Francisco earthquake."

People of St. Lucia Are Alarmed at Quakes

KINGSTON, St. Vincent, Aug. 17.— Ther have been a number of earthquake shocks throughout the island of St. Lucia since August 2. A severe one was felt August 14. Comparatively little damage has been done, but the people are in a condition bordering on panic.

Earthquake Shuts Off Land Route to Chile

BUENOS AYRES, Aug. 17.—An unusually heavy earthquake is reported from the Andean districts of Argentina. While the news from the affected districts is meager, it is feared that there has been damage, if not loss of life. Land communication between Chile and Argentina nas been completely shut off by the earthquake.

\$6 to Atlantic City or Care May and return. Every Friday and Saturday until September S, inclusive, via Pennsylvania Raliroad. Tickets good to return until the following Tuesday. Same rate to Wildwood or Ocean City. Through train to Atlantic City leaves 1:10 p. m. week days.—Adv.